It is easy to apply, but there are some knacks to learn and a little





bees wax into a very thin layer, and it proves

It is indoor use

only paint

its worth.

1 Prepare wax and tools.



Unbleached bees wax, Curry spoon, A sponge, A piece of cloth (such as old T-shirt made of cotton), Curing sheet, Curing tape

Cure around waxing area.



Note: Wax may make a stain if it sticks to mud wall, wall paper, or baseboard.

3 Open up a lid.



A lid easily opens with a spoon. *The picture shows 1-liter can.

4 Put wax on the sponge and



Thinning half spoon of wax (approximately 5g). *You can apply 0.4 m for cedar and 0.5 m for Japanese cypress.

5 Start applying wax from the back. *Please do not press the sponge down too strong.

Start with holding the sponge lightly and move it smoothly.



Keep applying from back to front within your reaching distance, carefully not to make an application unevenness.

A Color may change depending on kinds of trees.

● The degree of change of color may vary depending on kinds of trees or how they are cut. (The top shows the condition after application, and the bottom shows the condition before application).



Cypress

Cedar About 90 m² / 1L About 70 m² / 1L

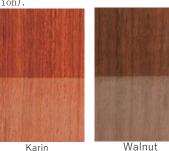


















About100 m² / 1L About 100 m² / 1L About 100 m² / 1L About 100 m² / 1L





After finishing applying wax on the sponge, spreading it evenly.



*Wax permeates deeply in the cedar and looks making unevenness, stains become inconspicuous as time passes. Rub the area with a dry cloth right after application



⚠ Do not use waxed cloth.

8 Remember an amount of area you



Remember how wide you applied at a time with half spoon of wax (approximately 5g), and you can calculate the next area and apply wax without unevenness.

If you apply wax with your children, please be sure to make them handle very small amount of wax and thin it Wait for 12-24 hours until the area become



Repeat section 4~7 until you complete applying the area.

After 12-24 hours and it becomes dry, it is finished.

Dispose of a sponge and cloth after soaking them with water. There could be a risk of the fire when they were plied up while containing oil.

ullet See our website for more details on other kinds of trees.



Hiba About90 m² / 1L



Ginkgo About100 m² / 1L



Enju About100 m² / 1L



Satinwood About100 m² / 1L



Magnolia About100 m² / 1L



Magnolia About100 m² / 1L



Katsura About100 m²/1L



Paulownia About100 m² / 1L



Cherry Blossoms About100 m² / 1L



Evergreen oak About100 m² / 1L